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| 09/829,505 | 04/09/2001 | Chung-Hsing Tzu | 004728.P054 | 6728 |
| 23616 | 7590 02/27/2004 | | EXAMINER | |
| | CES OF CLEMENT C | VU, QUANG D | | |
| 17220 NEWHOPE STREET #127 FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CA 92708 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | , | | 2811 | |

DATE MAILED: 02/27/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
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| Office Action Summary | | 09/829,505 | TZU ET AL. | | | | |
| | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | AN | | | |
| | The MAN INC DATE of this communication | Quang D Vu | 2811 | | | | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communication r Reply | appears on the cover sheet \ | with the correspondence addi | ress | | | |
| THE N - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failur Any r | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO is not so f time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by steeply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | N. 8 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of the reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC atute, cause the application to become a second of the replication of the record of the replication of the repli | a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this com ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | nmunication. | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | |
| 1)🖂 | Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>0</u> | <u>1/28/04</u> . | | | | | |
| 2a) <u></u> □ | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T | his action is non-final. | | | | | |
| | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | | | |
| 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ | Claim(s) <u>29-48</u> is/are pending in the applicated to the above claim(s) is/are with the claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>29-48</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and | drawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| Applicati | on Papers | | | | | | |
| • | The specification is objected to by the Exam | | | | | | |
| | ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to | 7 1 | | 2.4.4047.15 | | | |
| 11) | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor The oath or declaration is objected to by the | · | = : : | | | | |
| Priority u | ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| a)[| Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bursee the attached detailed Office action for a | ents have been received. ents have been received in priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | Application No In received in this National S | tage | | | |
| Attachment | t(s) | | | | | | |
| 2) Notice 3) Inform | e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB. r No(s)/Mail Date | Paper No | v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO- | 152) | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 29-30 and 32-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US Patent No. 6,081,029 to Yamaguchi.

Regarding claim 29, Yamaguchi (figure 1) teaches a semiconductor package, comprising: a leadframe (12, 13) having:

a homogeneous die pad (13) defining opposed upper and lower surfaces; and

a plurality of homogeneous leads (12) disposed at least partially about the die pad (13) in spaced relation thereto, each of the lead (12) defining opposed upper and lower surfaces;

connected between the portions of the leads (12) and die (15) for electrical communication; and a molding compound (17) at least partially encapsulating the die (15) and the leads (12)

a die (15) attached to the upper surface of the die pad (13) and bonding wires (16)

such that portions of the leads (12) which define the lower surfaces thereof protrude from a lower surface of the molding compound (17).

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It is inherent that the leads (12) include the bonding pads because leads are conventionally connected through bonding pads to the structures it interconnects between the wires and the external circuit.

Regarding claim 30, Yamaguchi teaches the die (15) is attached to the upper surface of the die pad (13) through the use of an adhesive material (column 10, lines 16-17).

Regarding claim 32, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 29 above.

Yamaguchi teaches the die (15) is electrically connected to the portions of the leads (12) via bonding wires (16), which are encapsulated by the molding compound (17).

Regarding claim 33, Yamaguchi teaches the molding compound (17) comprises mold resin (column 10, line 22).

Regarding claim 34, Yamaguchi teaches a portion of the die pad (13) defining the lower surface thereof protrudes from the lower surface of the molding compound (17).

Regarding claim 35, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 29 above.

Yamaguchi teaches the lower surface of the molding compound (17) extends along a first plane; the lower surfaces of the leads (12) extend along a common second plane; and the first and second planes extend in spaced, generally parallel relation to each other.

Regarding claim 36, Yamaguchi teaches a portion of the die pad (13) defining the lower surface thereof protrudes from the lower surface of the molding compound (17).

Regarding claim 37, Yamaguchi teaches the lower surface of the die pad (13) extends along the second plane.

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Regarding claim 38, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 29.

Yamaguchi teaches the upper surface of the die pad (13) is generally planar; and the upper surfaces of the leads (12) are generally planar and extend in generally co-planar relation to the upper surface of the die pad (13).

Regarding claim 39, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 29 above.

Regarding claim 40, Yamaguchi teaches the leadframe (12) comprises a homogeneous die pad (13) defining opposed upper and lower surfaces, the die (15) being attached to the upper surface of the die pad (13).

Regarding claim 41, Yamaguchi teaches the die (15) is attached to the upper surface of the die pad (13) through the use of an adhesive material (column 10, lines 16-17).

Regarding claim 42, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 39 above.

Yamaguchi teaches the lower surface of the molding compound (17) extends along a first plane; the lower surfaces of the leads (12) extend along a common second plane; the lower surface of the die pad (13) extends along the second plane; and the first and second planes extend in spaced, generally parallel relation to each other.

Regarding claim 43, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 39 above.

Yamaguchi teaches the die (15) is electrically connected to the portions of the leads (12) via bonding wires (16), which are encapsulated by the molding compound (17).

Regarding claim 44, Yamaguchi (figure 1) teaches a semiconductor package, comprising:

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a leadframe (12, 13) having:

a homogeneous die pad (13) defining opposed upper and lower surfaces; and at least one homogeneous lead (12) disposed in spaced relation to the die pad (13) and defining opposed upper and lower surfaces;

a die (15) attached to the upper surface of the die pad (13) and bonding wires (16) connected between the portion of the lead (12) and die (15) for electrical communication.

a molding compound (17) at least partially encapsulating the die (15) and the lead (12) such that portion of the lead (12) which define the lower surfaces thereof protrude from a lower surface of the molding compound (17).

It is inherent that the lead (12) includes the bonding pad because lead is conventionally connected through bonding pad to the structures it interconnects between the wire and the external circuit.

Regarding claim 45, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 44 above.

Yamaguchi teaches the die (15) is electrically connected to the lead (12) via bonding wires (16), which are encapsulated by the molding compound (17).

Regarding claim 46, Yamaguchi applies to this claim as discussed regarding claim 44 above.

Yamaguchi teaches the lower surface of the molding compound (17) extends along a first plane; the lower surface of the lead (12) extends along a second plane; and the first and second planes extend in spaced, generally parallel relation to each other.

Regarding claim 47, Yamaguchi teaches a portion of the die pad (13) defining the lower surface thereof protrudes from the lower surface of the molding compound (17).

Regarding claim 48, Yamaguchi teaches the lower surface of the die pad (13) extends along the second plane.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 31 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent No. 6,081,029 to Yamaguchi in view of US Patent No. 6,420,779 to Sharma et al.

Regarding claim 31, Yamaguchi differs from the claimed invention by not showing the adhesive material includes epoxy. However, Sharma et al. teach the adhesive material (160) includes epoxy (column 3, lines 48-49). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Sharma et al. into the device taught by Yamaguchi because it provides an adhesion between the chip and the chip pad.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 29-48 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quang D Vu whose telephone number is 571-272-1667. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie Lee can be reached on 571-272-1732. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

av

February 20, 2004

EDDIE LEE

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800